#### Chula Vista Nature Center

Sea World

U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service

**Zoological Society of San Diego** 

SWEETWATE Government of Mexico











## Status of LFCR



# Introduced & domestic animals

- Red Fox
- Cats & Dogs

### Status of LFCR





- The 5 Freeway cuts through most of southern CA coastal wetlands
- 90 % of coastal wetlands have been developed
- Remaining wetlands are fragmented







During the 1999 breeding season, the first captive pair failed to breed

In 2000, the birds still failed to breed. Some of the questions we asked ourselves were:

Are the birds too young? Too Old?

Is the enclosure too small?

Are the birds too stressed in Captivity?

Is the male an idiot?

Two more Rails Trapped from Newport Bay and brought into the captive propagation pens

Existing pair were split and introduced to the new birds

The pairs were housed in separate but closely proximal enclosures



## Natural incubation







# Artificial Incubation:

- Humidaire Incubator
- Temperature 99°F dry bulb/ 88°F wet bulb
- Egg turning (Automatic & Hand)
- Incubation Period 21-23 days









## Hacking for Release



**Intermediate:** 

- The cage is supplied with an external heat source
- The cage is heavily planted
- A pond is provided to encourage foraging and bathing
- Chicks are fed adult diets four times daily
- Live insects and natural live foods are supplemented to encourage foraging and hunting behavior







## 2001 Results:

First Captive Breeding

7 Rails released at Pt Mugu

2 Rails kept for breeding.

Third pair of Rails added to the program at CVNC. 2nd Generation

Will captive/hand-reared birds reproduce?







## Nature VS.Nurture

Will there be behavioral differences between hand-reared and parent-reared Rails?







## 2002 Results!

Two pairs double clutched

2nd Generation, <u>hand-reared birds</u>, produced chicks.

21 Rails released into 3 of 5 Target Marshes!

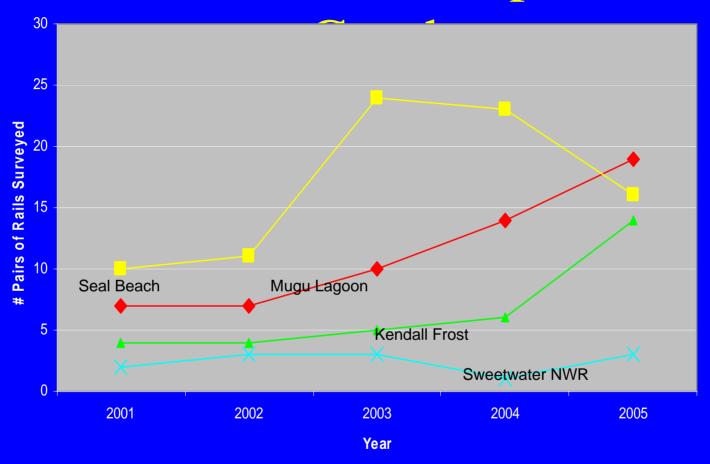
Telemetry 2005
Telemetry helped to establish the severity of raptors and bird movements







## Receiver Marsh Population



**Current Season Accomplishments (August, 2006):** 

5 Captive Pairs (3 at CVNC, 2 at SeaWorld, 2 at Wild Animal Par

~160 fledglings released into receiver marshes in the United States

2005: highest annual U.S.population census since monitoring bega

(Fledglings released at Seal Beach, Pt. Mugu, Bataquitos Lagoon, San Elijo Lagoon, Sweetwater Marsh, San Diego River, etc.)

We have proven that rails can be captively raised successfully with no apparent physical or behavioral fitness issues, both by hand rearing and parent rearing.

We have successfully radio tracked rails in the wild that appear to have survived and intermingled with wild populations.

#### Future Needs

- A rangewide genetics study CRES/FWS/CICESE
- International Conservation efforts
- Continued Wetland Restoration efforts
- Meaningful Conservation Measures in Mexico
- NEPA



## More Information

www.ClapperRail.com







